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MICHIGAN STATE

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Using, Storing and Preserving



Cauliflower

Michigan-grown cauliflower is available July through October.



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This bulletin, originally published in March 2015, is based on *Food Preservation Series* — *Cauliflower* (Michigan State University Extension, June 1990). It was revised in April 2023.

Food Safety and Storage

- Pick or purchase cauliflower heads that are not bruised or damaged.
- Wash hands before and after handling fresh produce.
- Wash cauliflower under cool running water. Do not use soap.
- Keep cauliflower away from raw meat and meat juices to prevent cross-contamination.
- For best quality and to preserve nutritional quality, preserve only what your family can consume in one year.

Yield

1 ¹ / ₃ pounds	=	1 pint frozen
Two medium heads	=	3 pints frozen
12 cups flowerets	=	9 half-pints pickled
1 bushel (12 pounds)	=	8-12 pints frozen

How to preserve

Canning

Cauliflower usually discolors and grows stronger in flavor when canned. For this reason, canning is not recommended.

Lawn or garden questions?

Visit migarden.msu.edu. Call toll-free 1-888-678-3464.

Freezing

Choose compact heads. Trim off leaves and cut each head into pieces about 1 inch across. If necessary to remove insects, soak for 30 minutes in a solution of salt and water (4 teaspoons salt per 1 gallon water). Drain.

Water blanch for 3 minutes in water containing 4 teaspoons salt per 1 gallon water.

Water blanching: Use 1 gallon of water per pound of cauliflower. Put cauliflower in blanching basket or strainer, and lower into boiling water. Place lid on pan or blancher. Return water to boil. Start counting blanching time as soon as water returns to a boil. If it takes longer than a minute to come back to a boil, too much cauliflower has been put in the boiling water.

Cool in ice water for 3 minutes, drain and pack into airtight freezer containers, leaving no headspace. Seal, label, date and freeze. Use frozen cauliflower within 8 to 12 months for best quality.

Alternatively, freeze individual flowerets on cookie sheets or trays, transfer frozen flowerets to freezer bags, remove air, seal, label and freeze.

References

Andress, E., & Harrison, J. A. (2014). *So easy to preserve* (Bulletin 989). (6th ed.). University of Georgia Cooperative Extension.

Pickling

Pickled Cauliflower

- 12 cups of 1- to 2-inch cauliflower flowerets
- 4 cups white vinegar (5% acidity)
- 2 cups sugar
- 2 cups thinly sliced onions
- 1 cup diced sweet red peppers
- 2 tbsp. mustard seed
- 1 tbsp. celery seed
- 1 tsp. turmeric
- 1 tsp. hot red pepper flakes

Yield: About 9 half-pints

Wash cauliflower flowerets (after removing stems and blemished outer leaves) and boil in salt water (4 teaspoons of canning salt per 1 gallon of water) for 3 minutes. Drain and cool. Combine vinegar, sugar, onion, diced red pepper and spices in large saucepan. Bring to a boil and simmer 5 minutes. Distribute onion and diced pepper among jars. Fill hot jars with pieces of cauliflower and pickling solution, leaving ½-inch headspace. Remove air bubbles and adjust headspace if needed.

Wipe jar rims with clean paper towel, adjust lids, and process according to the following recommendations:

cauliflower in a boiling-water canner. Processing time at altitudes of

Recommended processing time for pickled

		at altitudes of				
Style of pack	Jar size	0 - 1,000 ft	1,001 - 6,000 ft	Above 6,000 ft		
Hot	Half-pints or pints	10 min	15 min	20 min		

Let jars stand undisturbed for 12 to 24 hours, check lids to be sure they've sealed, remove rings, wash jars, label, date and store.

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